Saxony, the Regent of Bavaria, and the Grand Dake of Baden. No message was sent by Emperor William.

Duel in France with the Usual Result. Paris, April 2.-Captain Servan, of the French merchant marine, and Captain Deitsch, of the German merchant marine, fought a pistol duel to-day. Each fired three times, and neither one was injured. The captains had quarreled at Laguayra concerning the place of anchorage, Deitsch used violent language, and when subsequently he met Servan in Havre, accepted a challenge. Deitsch took his steamer to Hamburg, and returned to give Servan sat-

Conspired to Kill Prince Ferdinand, Soria, April 2.-A dispatch from Berlin states that three railway officials and four officers have been arrested for having plotted to kill Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria. Their plan is said to have been that they should blow up with dynamite the train which will carry him this week to Viareg-gio, where he will wed Princess Marie Louise, daughter of the Duke of Parma. No confirmation of the dispatch has been received.

Cable Notes.

Sultan Abdul Hamid, after congratulating Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria upon his bethrothal to Marie Louise, daughter of the Duke of Parms, has further shown his amiability toward Balkan potentates by inviting Alexander of Servia to pass two weeks in Constantinople.

The United States minister at Constantinople has protested to the Sublime Porte against the opening of letters sent to him under the consular seal from Marsovan. harry R. Newberry, secretary of the United States legation, has started for Marsovan and Cesarea to inquire into the reports of attacks upon Americans in those

PERILOUS WINTER TRIP.

Arrival at Seattle of a Man Who Traveled 1,500 Miles on Snow Shoes in Alaska.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 2.-A remarkable journey was recently brought to a successful close by C. H. Hamilton, of Chicago, twenty-two years of age, who arrived here last night from Alaska. He traversed 1,500 miles on snow shoes up the Yukon river in Alaska and over the divide to Chilkoot in the dead of winter, being the first white man who has ever crossed these mountains at that season and lived. He is an employe of the Yukon River Transportation and Trading Company and left Seattle last July on his initial trip with that company's expedition to St. Michael's, near the mouth of the Yukon. The expedition built a steamboat and started up the river with 150 tons of provisions and supplies, and after steaming two weeks up the river, the ice stopped further progress. As it was necessary to get word to civilization that the boat was frozen in Hamilton volunteered to make the journey of 1,800 miles, and started Nov. 26 with three sleds, twenty-one dogs and some Indian guides. He arrived at Chilkoot, eighty miles above Juneau, March 20.

TOBACCO WORKS DESTROYED.

Big Factory at New York Burned, Entailing a Loss of \$400,000.

NEW YORK, April 2.-The seven-story brick building, Nos. 709 and 711 Second avenue, with a frontage of eighty feet on East Thirty-eighth street, which was formerly occupied by the firm of W. Duke's Sons & Co. as a cigarette factory, but more recently by the American Tobacco Company as a manufactory of smoking and chewing tobacco, was destroyed by fire early this morning. James B. Dake places the total loss at \$400,000. This loss is wholly covered by insurance. Between five hundred and six hundred girls were employed in the building. The news of the fire had scarcely reached the managers of the company when arrangements were made to send them all to Baltimore, where they will find temporary work in the factory of Gale, Ax & Co. The employes will leave for Baltimore to-morrow. The building was recently bought by Engene Philbin, of Orange, N. J. It formerly belonged to the Rhinelander estate. The stock was valued at \$50.000, the machinery at \$240,000, and the building at \$100,000.

Her Body Reduced to Ashes. BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., April 2.- A search was made in the rains of Joseph Jefferson's home this morning for the body of Helen McGrath, but it could not be found. It is supposed that she was burned to ashes. Miss Collinson, the maid, is the most serionsly burned of the survivors. She was thrown down by the force of the explosion and was frightfully burned on the face. arms and hands. Clarence Whipple, an employe, was also terribly burned on the face, arms and hands, Frank Ashpoi another employe, was in the cellar at the time of the explosion and is also suffering from severe burns on his face and uands. Mr. Jefferson will rebuild on the same site. and will this season occupy the Whittier cottage, which is on the Buzzard's bay shore, near Gray Gables. Mrs. Jefferson has been receiving messages of sympathy all day. Among the first to arrive were those from President Cleveland, Mr. Whitlier and Mr. Benedict.

A Virginia Town Suffers. RICHMOND, Va., April 2.-A disastrons fire occurred last night at Clarksville. All the buildings on Fourth street, from Main down, on both sides, were consumed. except the railroad depot and Magee's warehouse. Eight or ten stores, hotels, oftices and tobacco houses were burned. A large quantity of leaf tobacco was also destroyed. A high wind was blowing, and there were no adequate means to stop the flames. Two colored men were burned to

Other Fires.

NEW YORK, April 2.- A fire broke out this morning on the sixth floor of the Temple Court building and extended to the two floors above before the firemen were able to get it under control. The building is occupied by offices, and is owned by Eugene Kelly. The damage is estimated at about \$10,000, covered by insurance. The Telegraph Age publication offices were destroyed. The subscription books and lists were saved.

NEW YORK, April 2.- Forest fires in New Jersey and Pennsylvania are doing great damage. A number of houses have been destroyed.

Miller and Miss Nunnemacher Were Married. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 2.-It is now re-

ported that William Bradford Miller and Miss Alma Nunnemacher were married about six months previous to the Pass Christian tragedy. It is said that the marriage certificate was found among Miller's effects a few days ago. The marriage is said to have occurred last autumn during the visit of Miller to the Nunnemachers at the seashore. It is further reported that Miller made a will shortly before Christmas in which he devised his property to his wife.

State Convention of Dubsites.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FREEPORT, Ill., April 2.- The Dubs faction of the Evangelical Church will hold their State Conference in this city this week. There will be 150 delegates present. Bishop Stanford and Bishop Dubs will be here. It is feared that under the recent ruling of the Supreme Court of Illinois trouble will take place, and that the Esher faction will get out an injunction restraining the body from using the Salem Church.

Four Women Drowned.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.-By the overturning of a sail boat on Lake Ponchartrain this afternoon four persons—Mrs. Mary A. Kelly. Misses Agnes and Mary Flynn, her nieces, and Miss Effic Kelly-were drowned. Several others who formed the party narrowly escaped a similar fate.

A CAREFUL housekeeper always has Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the house.

PROTEST FROM DEMOCRATS

Martin County's Faithful Don't Like Mr. Bretz's Postoffice Appointees.

Wails from Shoals and Loogootes-Miss Carrie Peddle, the Designer of the "isabella" Coin -The Lasker-Showalter Chess Match.

ANOTHER HOWL GOES UP.

Two Martin County Postmastership Appointments Last Week the Cause of It. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHOALS, Ind., April 2.- The announcement in Friday's Journal of the appointment of A. C. Hacker as postmaster at this point, and A. T. Ackeman at Loogoote, the two principal postoffices of Martin county, though not wholly unexpected, has created a great hubbub in the camp of the local Democracy. Many would not believe that such was the case until authenticated from other sources. The appointments are condemned in unmeasured terms by the better element of the party, and Congressman Bretz is being roundly denounced by the leaders. At Shoals Fabius Gwin, a popular and sterling young Democrat, who has ever been an active and ardent champion of the party, and who has been giving the best of satisfaction as an official, is displaced to make room for the above appointee, who for the past few years has been the editor of the News, the Democratic official county organ, though his previous political career had been somewhat checkered, he at one time being associate editor of the Republican county organ, during which period its editorials were most virulent and abusive of Democracy and its candidates. This fact is yet fresh in the minds of the workers of the party who had to bear the brunt of

these vicious onslaughts. At Loogootee the successful applicant is even more obnoxious, he being an ex-saloon eeper, who for many years, until the past few weeks, has been running a dram shop continuously. He is both unpopular and, it is believed also, incompetent, and, besides, it is generally believed he was only awaiting the postoffice appointment to avoid again opening a saloon. The respectable wing of Democracy in that vicinity is thoroughly disgusted, which feeling, however, is general throughout the county. Viewed from a purely partisan glandpoint, the appointments are all that could be desired by Republicans. It is generally conceded that the result will greatly weaken the already badly demoralized Democratic county organization, and leaders of the party are open in expressing a belief that the Republicans will sweep the county at the next general election.

GIFTED INDIANA ARTIST.

Miss Carrie Peddle, Who Has Been Selected to Make the Design for the "Isabella" Coin.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 2.-Miss Carrie Peddle, who has received the commission from the board of lady managers of the world's fair for the design for the "lsabella" coin, of the denomination of 25 cents, provided for in the appropriation bill passed at the recent session of Congress, writes to her father, Mr. Charles Peddle, general purchasing agent of the Vandalia Railroad Company, that she expects to complete the work in three weeks. Mrs. Potter Palmer's suggestion was for a portrait of Isabella on the obverse side in the center, and the following inscription around the edge: "1492-commemorative coin-1892." For the reverse side the words: "Issued by the board of lady managers of the world's Columbian exposition, by act of Congress." The lady managers are desirous of putting on the market a handsomer coin than the souvenir half dollar. Competent critics have pronounced the latter to be more or less of a botch from an artistic standpoint. Mrs. Palmer wrote to St. Gaudens, asking him to recommend a weman artist to make the design and he recommended Miss Peddle. Mrs. Palmer then prevailed upon Secretary Carlisle to permit the design to be made ontside the mint and this was conceded a iew days ago.

Miss Peddle graduated from the high school here in 1887 at the age of seventeen years. In childhood she evinced a remarkable aptitude for drawing, no doubt inherited from her father. She received instructions from Professor Ames, of the Rose Polytechnic Institute, and a few years ago went to the Academy of Design at Philadelphia, where she spent a year. Then she became a member of the Art Students' League, of New York, where she came under the teaching of St. Gaudens. Last October she was given a commission by Louis Tiffany, the dealer in statuary, for a design for a model of the Virgin Mary, such as could be used in churches. been adjudged worthy of special exhibition at the world's fair. She has now a commission from Tiffany for a design for the Vision of the Sacred Heart.

GREAT CHESS CONTEST.

Conditions Under Which Lasker and Showalter Will Play at Kokomo.

Kokomo, Ind., April 2 - The great chess contest between Emanuel Lasker, the English champion, and Jackson W Showalter, America's pride, will begin in this city on next Wednesday afternoon, and will consist of a series of ten games up for a purse of \$2,000 and the championship. The contest is expected to consume from four to six weeks. The days for playing will be Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of each week. This is considered the most important chess contest since Paul Morphy's billiant career in this country during 1857, 1858 and 1859, and the eyes of the chess players of the country will watch with much interest the progress of the games. Following are some of the rules: Time

limit, tifteen moves per hour. Time for beginning play, 4 P. Ma of each day, the first sitting to be four and one-half hours. If the game is adjourned it is to be continued during two hours more the evening of the same day. Each player is to have three off days where he has the right to excuse himself from playing on previous announcement to the referee and his opponent. H. S. Brown, of Anderson, is to be stakeholder, and Charles O. Jackson, of Kokomo, referee. The rules which govern the American tournaments to be in power. The match to be ten games up (draws not counted.) The games played in Logansport last December to count in this match. Lasker won one and Showalter one.) The purse is \$2,000 and the winner is to be

champion of America. Two Fires at Muncle.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., April 2 .- Two fires occurred in Muncie to-day. The first, at 9 o'clock, badly damaged the residence property of Mrs. Walling. Her household goods, with those of her son, J. Q. Walling, superintendent of the city water works, were badly damaged by water. The building is fully insured.

The large barn on the Fay farm, west of the city, was destroyed at noon. The building was owned by John W. Moore, and there was no insurance. The loss is heavy, as Moore is a street contractor, and had a large number of tools stored in the build-

Surrounded by Icebergs.

LONDON, April 2.- Captain Lillia, of the British ship John Cook, which sailed from San Francisco Nov. 1, reached Queenstown to-day and reports that on the night of Jan. 14 he saw a full rigged ship sailing among was inevitable. The John Cook got clear of the icebergs after many hours of peril and several narrow escapes. Captain Lillia estimated the length of the largest iceberg as fifteen miles and its height as seven hundred feet.

Jockeys Must Have Licenses. CINCINNATI, April 2.- The license committee of the American Turf Congress, at its recent meeting in Lexington, Ky., granted jockey licenses to Harry Ray, Leon Gemotes, Charles A. Thorpe, W. Perkins,

Clarence Bryant, Joe West, Lester Reiff and J. J. McCafferty. Rule 160 was construed to apply only to a jockey having a borse in training on the track where he is ing the attention of jockeys to the fact that under the rules they will not be allowed to ride on any of the tracks belonging to the American Turf Congress unless they have a license or have heretofore applied for one. The racing on the congress tracks in 1898 will commence at Memphis, Tenn., on April 13. Applicatious must be made prior to that date by jockeys who intend riding there.

ASSAULTED BY "PIGGERS."

Women Raid a Prohibition State Liquor Dive and Are Thrown Into the Street.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FARGO, N. D., April 2 .- According to 8 Rolla dispatch the W. C. T. U. women of that place yesterday resolved to visit the "blind pige" of that city, and secure evidence with which to prosecute their owners. A committee was appointed to make the circuit of the "joints," and it marched bravely up the steeet; followed by two-thirds of the female population of the town. The first "pig" they came to was that presided over by Lin Bush. He attempted to prevent the entrance of the women, but they were not to be stopped by trifles. Bush was tossed to one side, and for the first time women stood within the sacred precincts of a North Dakota prohibition dive. An inventory of stock was commenced, and several bottles of "hop tea" and "porter" were seized. While in the midst of their explorations landlord Bush returned with assistance, and soon the air was full of animated femininity. When the women picked themselves up out on the street several were bleeding from brutal blows, and all were somewhat distigured. Proceedings for assault and battery were at once instituted against the "piggers," but the State's attorney knocked them out by a motion to dismiss. The ladies threaten dire revenge, and will "see the thing through."

Effle Clark's Slayer Dead. murderer of pretty Effic Clark, died to-day in the police station at Evanston. He never recovered consciousness after saying that he had shot ehe girl because she would not become his wife. Word was received this morning from the parents of Miss Clark at Spokane, requesting that the remains of their daughter be forwarded to them. A telegram was also received from the father of Smith, now of Portland, Ore., making a similar request for the body of his son. Both bodies will be sent as requested immediately after the coroner's inquest, which will be held to-morrow morning. Memorial services for Miss Clark will be held tomorrow at the Northwestern University, in which all the students and faculty will

Building Wrecked by Natural Gas. DETROIT, Mich., April 2 .- A terrific explosion, resulting in the partial destruction of the new six-story Cleland building, on State street, occurred at 4:10 o'clock this morning. The cause of the disaster was a leakage of natural gas. The fire department was called out, but luckily its services were not needed, except to prevent the

wreckage from taking fire. Several surrounding buildings were slightly damaged. The total loss is estimated at from \$15,000 to \$20,000. Five thousand of this is the loss on the Cleland building, the remainder being on the contents owned by the several occupants. Nobody was injured. Little Marthena Harrison's Condition. NEW YORK, April 2.-The shock which little Marthena Harrison experienced from

being thrown out of her baby carriage by the pole of a heavy express wagon, which also knocked down Mrs. Russell B. Harrison, in front of the Fifth-avenue Hotel, on Friday afternoon, has had a serious effect on the child. Little Marthena has been undergoing electric treatment for nervous prostration, which followed an attack of scarlet fever in the White House. Mr. Harrison says his daughter's condition will delay her removal to the home of her grand-father, Senator Saunders, in Omaha Neb.

Clayton's Alleged Murderer. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 2.- A telegram was received by the Governor this afternoon, from Sheriff White, saying that he would leave Butte, Mont., at 7 o'clock this evening, with Hickey, the man charged with the murder of John M. Clayton, and Burkhardt, the principal witness. It was learned this evening from M. S. Halliday, chief train dispatcher for the Iron Monntain, that Burkhardt was in his employ about five years ago, and was discharged about a week before Clayton was assassinated. This announcement greatly

strengthens the story. Lost 84,000 Worth of Diamonds. CHICAGO, April 2.- The wife of W. J. Knight, of Dubuque, Ia., general solicitor of the Illinois Central road, lost \$4,000 worth of diamonds to-day while walking on Michigan boulevard with her husband, She was afraid to leave the diamonds in her room, and placed them in the pocket of her cloak. When she returned to her room the diamonds were gone. It is supposed that in pulling her handkerchief from her pocket she pulled out the diamonds and dropped them on the street. The police were notified, but no trace of the jewels has been found.

HANOVER, N. H., April 2.-Mary Learned Bartlett, wife of ex-President Bartlett, of Dartmonth College, died suddenly this morning. Her children are Prof. Edwin J. Bartlett, of Dartmonth College; Alice, the wife of Rev. P. A. Stinson. D. D., of New York, recently of St. Louis; Rev. William A. Bartlett, of Chicago, and Samuel C. Bartlett, jr., of Andover Seminary, recently of the Japan mission.

CHICAGO, April 2.-Lloyd Brazee, a newspaper man well known in the West, died to-night of hemorrhage of the stomach.

Movements of Steamers. MOVILLE, April 2.-Arrived: State of California, from New York. HAVRE, April 2.-Arrived: La Champagne, from New York. NEW YORK, April 2.-Arrived: La Bretagne, from Havre.

Stricken with Paralysis. LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 2.-The Hon. W H. Wadsworth, a prominent Kentucky lawyer, and minister to Mexico under Grant, was stricken with paralysis at his

home in Maysville, this morning, and it is

not thought he can live through the night. Insane Hospital Discipline.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Please correct the statement in regard to discipline at the Central Hospital for Insane. The employes are attending to their duties faithfully; there is no insubordination here, and the statement in regard to the carriage and driver is wholly false. All orders have been promptly executed.

The difference of opinion among employes in the engine department is of long standing, and the outbreak was followed by immediate suspension. The quarrel was building in which it is located. The officers treated me with the utmost respect. The institution is conducted on the same principles that governed it during the past three and three-quarters years by the late P. J. WATTERS. Dr. Wright.

Ohio Republicans Are Right.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: It is eminently fit and proper that Republicans of the great State of Ohio, having John Sherman in the United States Senate and Major McKinley in the gubernatorial chair, should emphatically declare their adherence to the principle of proeminently fit and proper that the State of Ohio should have two such able statesmen as Mr. Sherman and the gallant Major.

There be times which try men's souls, the souls of political leaders and the souls of public spirited and patriotic citizens among the rank and file of the two great parties. The political reverse which the Republican party sustained at the late presidential election was one of those which try the souls of patriotic citizens, but the Republicans throughout the country stanchly | listen to them?

and grandly adhere, like those of Ohio, to the imperishable principle of building up and sustaining American home industries. Let the Democrats enjoy control of the gov-ernment for a time, and let us not nettle them by frequent allusions to their platform utterances with regard to the tariff. A little wholesome fear, some very good teachers tell us, often does a vast amount of good. Free trade measures would inflict a dreadful blow upon the prosperity of the country, and some far-seeing men among the Democratic leaders are aware of that fact. It is to be hoped, for the sake of continued presperity. that moderate counsels will prevail among leading Democratic politicians. The ma-jority of sensible and thoughtful persons know, of course, that the existence of prosperity is not largely due to Democratic statesmanship. In the present juncture of affairs, if we were to make Democratic leaders riad, they might behave intemperately in their dealing with tariff matters. Republican citizens of Indianapolis, the home of our country's esteemed ex-President, are proud of their friends in Ohio; proud of their adherence to the principle of protection, their stanchness and their "backbone," The public mind will come all right on the tariff by and by, and the imperishable principle of protection shall

WE HAVE OUTSTRIPPED EUROPE. The United States Has Become the Greatest

Manufacturing Country. Mr. R. H. Edmonds, a journalist of Baltimore, one of the most eminent authorities on the conditions of recent progress in the United States, contributes to the Engineering Magazine an interesting and valuable paper entitled. "A Decade of Marvelous Progress," 1rom which a few conclusions

are extracted: The United States is now the leading manufacturing country in the world. We have far outstripped all other nations in the magnitude of our industrial operations. It is almost incomprehensible that in ten years the increase in capital invested in manufactures should exceed the total invested only twenty years ago. The value of our manufactured products increased about 60 per cent.; add 60 per cent. to the output of 1890 and we would have \$13,-700,000.000 in 1900—but that is too much to expect. The same rate of growth in mining interests in this decade as in the last would make our mineral output in 1900 nearly \$1,200,000,000, while a smaller percentage of increase in 1890 over 1880, would bring the figures to over \$950,000,000. If our coalminers add to the output of 1800 many tons as they added 88 that of 1880, ignoring

this the percentage of growth, 217,-000,000 tons will be the production of 1900, No other country in the world ever advanced in population and wealth as the United States is doing. The progress of the past shows no signs of halting. In fact, the development of our foreign and domestic trade and commerce and of our industrial interests is steadily broadening

Contrast our position and condition with Europe, with resources surpassing those of all Europe, with wealth creating possibili-ities in soil, minerals, timber, and climate unequaled by Europe, and practically without limit to their profitable utilization, with a homeogenous population of 65,000,000 people unvexed by the arbitrary regulations of half a dozen different governments and free from the drain of standing armies, the United States justly commands the wonder and admiration of the world.

Great Britain is no longer the manufacturing center of the world, for we have taken the foremost position in that line. Its vast iron and steel business is yearly increasing in cost of production, while ours is decreasing. It cannot meet the world's growing demand for iron and steel, because it cannot increase its production to any great extent. It produces less pignow than it did ten years ago. Much of its ore it imports from distant countries. Its cotton is all imported. It spends about \$750,000,000 a year for foreign foodstuffs. On the contineut every nation is burdened with debt, and none of them can ever hope to pay of its obligations. Measured by their natural resources and advantages for continued growth against their debts and the many disadvantages under which they labor they are practically bankrupt. In all of them the cost of production and living must steadily increase. In the United States we have scarcely laid the foundation for our future greatness. In natural resources we are richer than all of Europe. We are paying off our debts faster than they are due. We have barely scratched the ground in the development of our mineral wealth, and our agricultural growth can searcely be limited.

ORIGIN OF THE BIBLE.

Some Original Views on the Matter Heard in New Hampshire.

The astonishing ignorance of the Bible which some people betray has often been remarked, but the most amusing case which has ever come to the Journal man's notice happened three days ago. It is an absolutely true story, without embellishment of any kind.

In a little country store up in New Hampshire was a group of people, consisting of for a moment, chatted with him a the storekeeper, the stage driver, two or few minutes, told him to be a good three of the kind of gentlemen who do boy, and said he would be cured. nothing but whittle all day, and the writer, The conversation turned on religion, and then somebody asked where the Bible came from and who wrote it. The old stage driver was the only one who seemed able to answer this question, and I give his remarks just as he made them: "Well naow, allus hed an idea that Jesus

Christ writ ther Bible on them tables o stone, er suthin' er tther. But I hed a fellar aboard ther stage tother night; he seemed tew be purty well eddicated, too, an' he bed a different notion frum me. He says, says he, Jesus Christ didn't hev nothin' ter do with ther Bible, no mor'n yew did. There wuz a time, clean back, when every fellar hed his own Bible, an' ther mos' curus part on't was thet every one on 'em writ his Bible himself. "There wuz Matthew, an' Mark, an' Luke,

an' John, an' Moses, an' Jonah. an' Solomon, an' David, an' ther don't nobody know haow many more. They all had their own Bibles, and every fellar thought his wuz ther best one in ther hull lot. "Wal, after some years ther people begin ter clamer for ther true Bible, an' so all these fellars met tergether ter decide which wuz ther true Bible. Naow, of course, every one on 'em said his wuz the best, an' then they had some words which waound up in a war. They fit purty fierce fur a time, an' there wuz considerable many of 'em got killed off, so ther rest callated theh'd better call a halt an' caount up the waounded. Then they hed ernuther consultation, an' after er good deal er

jawin' on all sides they come fer ther conclusion thet they'd better put all their books tergether into one. An' the more think on't the more I believe it's the way the Bible wuz made."

What the Gestures Mean. Philadelphia Record.

In southern Italy gesture largely takes the place of speech. A writer for the Christian Union goes so far as to say that while not a word is spoken the rest will know what is going on, if the gesturer is only careful to express himself in the recognized movements. The writer says that the south Italy method of beckoning is used as a means of saintation. There, when desiring a person to approach, one beckons with the finger tips held downward. The verb "go" is expressed by holding the open not in the superintendent's office, or the hand, palm perpendicularly, pointing in the intended direction, and shakand employes without an exception have | ing the hand up and down from the wrist. "To-day" is indicated by closing all the fingers of the right hand except the index and pointing downward, making a slight, rapid movement of the band up and down. "To-morrow" 18 expressed by the same gesture, except that the up and down motion is more pronounced and done from the elbow instead of from the wrist, as in the former case. There is one sign, peculiar almost to the verge of absurdity, that the tourist who goes shopping will nevertheless do well to remember and use. If he thinks he is being overcharged-and it will be strange if he does not think so very often-he cannot do better than to put the two first fingers tecting American industries; and it is of his right hand between his neck and his shirt collar, and then ask, with an easy laugh, what the prices really are.

The Wicked Spoilsmen.

New York Independent. One of Mr. Cleveland's strongest supporters explains that whenever he makes bad appointments it is due to the fact that he listens too much to the spoilsmen of his own party. This is a very convenient method of relieving him of responsibility. If spotlsmen lead him astray why does he

QUEER STORY FROM JANSEN

How an Old Man Effected Two Cures in a Superstitious Nebraska Community.

A Girl Who Was Said to Be Bewitched and a Boy Who Was Suffering from a Serious Ailment Cured in a Strange Way.

OMAHA, Neb., April 2.-Jansen, Neb., is a prosperous village of 200 or 300 souls located on the prairie in the southern part of the State. Most of the inhabitants are Germans and Russians. Among them lives John Pruder, a mild-mannered old German, who earns a scanty subsistence for himself and family by laboring on the sheep ranch of Peter Jansen. The only one of the family who understands English is little Frieds, girl of nine. Just before the holidays Frieda was taken ill and confined to her bed, and, until ten days ago, she was the victim of a most mysterious ailment. She was subject to spasms, in which her fingers were cramped until the nails were buried in her palms and her toes were turned under her feet. She lost sight, hearing and speech, and her little figure was racked with a variety of involuntary contortions. She was helpless for hours and days, and for one period of eight weeks life was sustained by pouring milk down her throat. At other times she imagined she saw visions. Sometimes it was an angel, then a rabbit, and again a woman in white. A physician ventured the opinion that the child's liver was affected. Another said it was typhoid fever, and another admitted he did not understand the case. The circumstances of her sickness are vouched for by American neighbors of respectability. who can have no motive to misrepresent. One of the superstitious old women suggested that Frieds had been bewitched. In support of her theory, she urged that the inside of the bed upon which child rested examined. Acting upon this suggestion, Pruders opened the tick and found the feathers matted in peculiar shapes. The superstitious neighbors suggested that these feather objects be burned, saying that the witch would be

was bewitching the child in revenge. News of the affair reached a farmer named William Noltensmyer, formerly of Missouri. He advised the Pruders to send for John Erinberg, of Warrensburg, Mo., and told wonderful tales of the cures wrought by him. Mr. Erinberg arrived at Jansen last Saturday morning and went to the Pruder home. The stranger looked at the child, said he could care her, and asked for a room in which he could be alone. An adjoining room was given up to him, but what he did in there is unkown. When he came out he was perspiring as though he had undergone some great physi cal exertion. Three times that day did be give the child this "treatment," as he called his private operation. He neither touched the child nor gave her medicine, and it is supposed that he devoted himself to prayer while in seclusion. During the day there were mutter ings of ill-will among the simple-minded foreigners, and at night a company of twenty-four, organized with a leader, called at the Pruder home and notified Erinberg that he must leave the town the next morning or they would prosecute him. The stranger from Missouri was a peaceful, white bearded man of seventy, and was evidently frightened by these threats, but when Mr. Bruer and other intelligent citizens, satisfied that he was at least doing no harm, promised to protect him, he agreed to stay. Mr. Erinberg gave little Frieda three "trealments," Sanday morning and in the afternoon she was about playing with the other children of her age. Sunday night she was at the house of Mr. Bruer until 11 o'clock, romping merrily with his children, though she had not entirely re-

first person to visit

house after the burning. The first caller

happened to be a Mrs. Miller. Her husband

had one time made a vain attempt to sell

covered her speech. The mob of Saturday night held a meeting Sunday and determined to tar and feather Erinberg that night. Their plotting was overheard by a boy, who notified Pruder's friends. These gathered in force to protect the old man, and his enemies were frightened from their purpose.

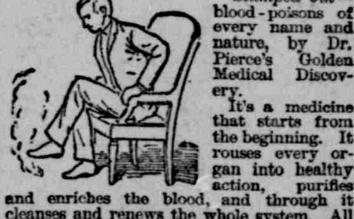
Among the business men of Japsen 18 Mr. J. W. Marshall, a grain buyer. He has a ten-year-old son, Floyd, who suffered for eight years from two running sores, one on each side of his neck. He had been treated by Omaha and other physicians at an outlay of many hundred dollars, but without much relief. The cure of Frieda Pruder naturally became the talk of the town, and Floyd Marshatl asked his father to take him to Mr. Erinberg for treatment. Mr. Erinberg looked at the lad intently In this case the old man did not retire to another room. This meeting occurred about 10 o'clock in the morning. When Floyd came to his mother in the afternoon to have his neck dressed she was surprised to find that the sores had stopped running and the wound seemed to be closed. A lump as large as a goose egg that had been gathering on the left side of the neck for three weeks previous had also disappeared. Hardly able to believe her eyes, and not wishing to raise false hopes, Mrs. Marshall said nothing to her husband about the wonderful change until the next day, when the sores had entirely closed and the discharges ceased. It is beyond dispute that both children were suffering from serious ailments before Erinberg visited Jansen. It is equally true that since his visit their diseases have left them, and they are apparently in good health.

Injury Beyond Repair.

Grand Rapids Democrat. The lissome form of the beautiful woman was shaken by the convulsions of her grief. and the fixed look of dumb, hopeless misery in her dark eyes was pitiful beyond words. "Marian, Marian, for your own sake be caim," entreated her friend, as she kneit by her side and tenderly removed the hands that covered the bot, tear-stained face. "Tell me what it all means, dear." "I cannot, I cannot," was the duil, listless reply. "No-no, I can never tell any

"You must-you shall," insisted the other firmly. "I cannot bear to see all the brightness crushed out of your life without sharing the burden with you, sweet. Perhaps it will make you feel better." "Nothing can do that now. But I will tell you. It is best you should know all perhaps. You-you remember that horrid creature from Cadillac whom I engaged as cook last week! Oh, I thought she was such a paragon. So young, and modest, and dainty in her ways! 1-I had every confidence in her. And this morning happened to step into the dining room just as there was a great crash in the kitchen. I opened the door quickly and saw my new soup tureen lying in fragments on the floor, and my husband kissing the cook."

"The monster!" hissed her friend. "Yes," sobbed the stricken woman, "J was the loveliest piece of china in the house.



nature, by Dr. Pierce's Golden ery. It's a medicine that starts from the beginning. It rouses every organ into healthy action, purifies

Stamped out-

cleanses and renews the whole system. All Blood, Skin, and Scalp Diseases, from a common blotch or eruption to the worst Scrofula, are cured by it. For Tetter, Saltrheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Goitre or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands, Tumors, and Swellings, it's an unequaled remedy.

Don't think it's like the sarsaparillas.

They claim to be good for the blood in March, April, and May. "Golden Medical Discovery" works equally well at all seasons. And it not only claims to do good—it guarantees it. If it dosen't benefit or cure, in You pay only for the good you get. Can you ask more!

AMUSEMENTS And Tuesday and Wednesday evenings and Wednesday matinec. Jos. R. Grismer and Phoebe Davies

In the brilliant success. Regular Prices-25c to \$1. Matinee-25c and 50c.

And Tuesday and Wednesday evenings and

Wednesday matinee, Davis's \$20,000 Production, The original dramatized version of

Special Prices: Gallary, 15c; Balcony, 25c; all lower floor, 56c. Matinee, 25c and 50c. GRAND-SPECIAL THURSDAY, APRIL 6.

GRAND CONCERT BY THE . DE PAUW SCHOOL OF MUSIC An Orchestra of 40 pieces. The DePauw Glee and Lorlei Clubs. Famous Soloista.

Prices-25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. Seats on sale now, ENGLISH'S - SPECIAL

Five Nights and Monday, April 10, FANNY

Supported by MELBOURNE MACDOWELL and her own company in SARDOU'S

CLEOPATRA. Prices-All lower floor, \$1.50; first four rows bal-cony \$1, remainder, 75c; gallery, 25c; matinee prices same, Sale of seats begins THURSDAY, April 6.

TOMLINSON HALL Pruder a piece of property, and they readily accepted the conclusion that Mrs. Miller MONDAY, APRIL 10, 8 P. M., Grand Gymnastic Exhibition

> -BY THE SOCIALER TURNVEREIN Admission 25c, Balcony 50c. Get reserved seats at The H. Lieber Company, 33 South Meridian Street. No extra charge.

> > CYCLORAMA

NOW OPEN. 66 WEST MARKET ST.

Matinee to-day at 2 p. m., to-night at 8, and all this EDWIN ARDEN

"EAGLE'S NEST." Popular Prices-10, 20, 30 cents. Next Week-"MUGG'S LANDING." DIDIDID THEATER

Wabash and Delaware

TO-NIGHT at 8. Champion Feather Weight of the World,

Saturday night-Walker-Parker Wrestling Match



Knight & Jillson, & PENNSYLVAN IA 87 RAILWAY TIME-TABLES.

Indianapolis Union Station Trains Run by Central Time TICKET OFFICES at Station and at corner Illinois and Washington Streets.

TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:
Daily, † Daily, except Sunday. THOM INDIANAPOLIS TO LEAVE AD-Columbus, Ind.. and Louisville. *3:40 am Philadelphia and New York... *5:00 am Baltimore and Washington.... *5:00 am Logansport and Chicago 11:20 am Dayton and Columbus......*11:45 am Philadelphia and New York....*3:00 pm Baltimore and Washington...*3:00 pm *10:30 am VANDALIA LINES TO ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

From Indianapolis Union Station. Trains leave for St. Leuis, S:10 am., 12:10 pm 10:45 am, 11:00 pm. Trains connect at Terre Haute for E. & T. H. points. Evansville sleeper on 11:00 pm train Greencastle and Terre Haute Accommodation leaves 4:00 pm.
Arrive from St. Louis 3:30 am, 4:50 am, 2:50 pm, 5:20 pm, 7:45 pm. Terre Haute and Greencastle Accommodation Sleeping and Parlor Cars are run on through

MINONSHULL The Vestibuled PULLMAN CAR LINE

No. 32—Chicago Lim., Pullman Vestibuled coaches, parior and dining car, daily......11:35 am

Arrive in Chicago 5:20 pm.

No. 34—Chicago Night Ex., Pullman Vesti No. 38-Monon Accommodation...... 5:20 pm Arrive at Indianapolis-P. In. daily. TICKET OFFICES-No. 26 South Illineis street

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL

Wil. be sent by mail to any address for

PER ANNUM.